

DO THE PREP STEPS! Grades K-2

FIVE 30-MINUTE EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS LESSONS









PREP RALLY

Emergency Preparedness Program



ABOUT SAVE THE CHILDREN

Save the Children invests in childhood-every day, in times of crisis and for our future. In the United States and around the world, we are dedicated to ensuring every child has the best chance for success. Our pioneering programs in 120 countries give children a healthy start, the opportunity to learn and protection from harm.

We've responded to humanitarian crises and disasters around the world for nearly 100 years. In the United States alone, we've helped more than 1 million children affected by disasters since Hurricane Katrina. We respond to every major disaster, facilitate longterm recovery and ensure children, families and communities are prepared.

Learn more at SavetheChildren.org/GetReady.

Prep Rally Lessons for Grades K-2

- Prep Step Introduction: Safety
- Prep Step 1: Knowing ICE Contacts
- Prep Step 2: Making a Plan
- Prep Step 3: Packing a Go-Bag
- Prep Step Review: What We Learned

Prep Rally Lessons are also available for children in Preschool and for Grades K-5.

Save the Children. Prep Rally Guide: Prep Step Lessons Grades K–2. Washington, DC: Author, 2016.

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Save the Children 899 N. Capitol Street., NE, Suite 900 Washington, DC 20002

WELCOME TO THE PREP RALLY!

The Prep Rally is Save the Children's emergency preparedness education program for children. Filled with games and activities, the Prep Rally makes preparedness doable and fun while teaching kids the basics they need to develop lifelong safety skills. Best of all, it can be shaped to fit the specific needs of your program.



Less than half of American families have an emergency plan,

but research shows that families of school-aged children who bring home preparedness materials are 75 percent more likely to have a plan. Children are powerful change agents. By providing them safety skills now, we are securing our future.

Thank you for choosing the Prep Rally and being a champion for children in your community!

For additional resources, please visit:

Prep Rally Resource Page: www.savethechildren.org/PrepRally.

Get Ready Get Safe Website: www.savethechildren.org/GetReady.

PREP STEP LESSONS GRADES K-2

These simple 30-minute lessons help bring core safety concepts to life through short turnkey sessions that correspond with the Prep Step Song and Dance (SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep).

Prep Step Introduction: Safety	Learn about the things that make us feel safe and the importance of making an emergency plan.
Prep Step 1: Knowing ICE Contacts	Identify who to call In Case of Emergency and making ICE Contact Cards.
Prep Step 2: Making a Plan	Talk about evacuation and shelter-in-place and what to do if there was an emergency at home.
Prep Step 3: Packing a Go-Bag	Discuss what to put in a Go-Bag that can be ready to use in an emergency.
Prep Step Review: What We Learned	Share what we learned and what to do during an emergency.

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GETTING STARTED: PREP RALLY CHECKLIST

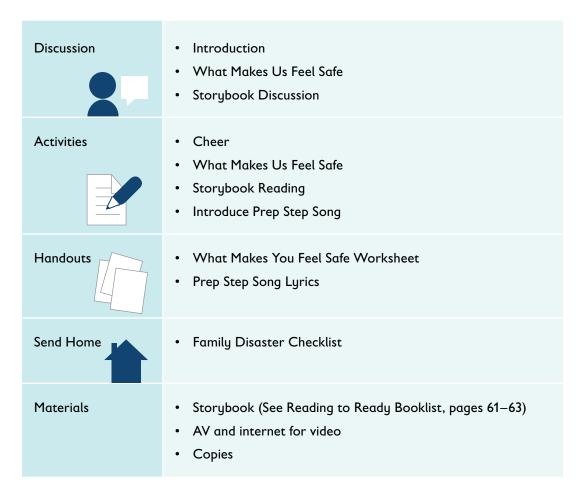
- Register at SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep
- Identify audience, group size and age group
- Choose Prep Rally Guide and study lessons
- Set up time and location
 - If you're a volunteer, ask about volunteer policy and check-in protocol
 - Make sure you have enough space (indoor or outdoor) for each lesson's activities and games.
- Ensure you have the proper supplies (AV, internet, materials for activities, copies)
- Have a great event! (Don't forget to have fun!)
 - Share your story through social media, newsletters and local media! (#PrepStep, #PrepRally, #GetReadyGetSafe)

PREP STEP INTRO: SAFETY SESSION OBJECTIVES

The Prep Step Intro session will help children:

- Identify people, places and things that make them feel safe.
- Understand that they can make a plan and take actions that can help them feel safe.
- Understand that we can make a safety plan and take actions that can help us feel safe.

Time: 30 Minutes





Introduction

Today we're going to be talking a little bit about emergencies.

Do you know what an emergency is?

An emergency is something that may cause harm or damage. You may not know it was going to happen and you may need help to respond to it. Some emergencies can happen because of accidents, such as a fire or a fall. Other emergencies may happen because of weather or the movement of the earth's surface, such as storms or earthquakes.

We are going to talk about emergencies today because there are some things we can do to help stay safe and feel safe.



First, I want to teach you a cheer that can help us remember what we are talking about today.

When I say "Get Ready!" you say "Get Safe!"

Let's practice.

Practice a few times, changing the pace and tones of your voice to keep it lively for children.

Great Job!



What Makes Us Feel Safe Discussion

- 1. Have you ever seen a storm? What does a storm sound like? What about rain? What about wind? What about thunder?
- 2. Have you ever been afraid during an emergency or storm? It's okay to feel scared. In fact, it's normal to be scared. Emergencies can be scary.
- 3. What do you do when you feel scared?
- 4. What is something that helps you feel safe? Who are the people that make us feel safe? e.g., Parent, firefighter, friend, pet

What are the things that make us feel safe? e.g., Stuffed animal, blanket, favorite toy, home,

What are the places that make us feel safe? e.g., Home, school, Grandma's house After children have shared, explain how during emergencies we can think of those things that comfort us to help feel safe. If they chose an item like a blanket or a stuffed animal, they can hold it during a storm to help feel safe.



Storybook Reading and Discussion

Select and read an emergency-themed story book from our Reading to Ready Booklist (pages 61–63) or another emergency-themed book of your choice.

Read aloud the book selection, teaching children what to do and how to act when emergencies happen.

Ask questions along the way to keep kids engaged. Ask them for help with words or identifying what's happening in the illustrations.

Afterwards ask questions about story, focusing on the characters reactions and actions:

- What happened?
- How do you think the characters felt?
- What did the characters do?
- How did the characters keep themselves safe?
- Who helped the characters?
- What was your favorite part and why?
- Reinforce what the characters did and did not do with respect to safety, evacuation, sheltering and planning.



Now it's time to get children up and moving, so make sure that children have a little space to move around.

Remind children of your earlier discussion about what made them feel safe.

Say:

Part of feeling safe is making a plan to stay safe. We are going to be talking about different things we can do (or "Prep Steps" we can take) to help keep us safe in emergencies or disasters.

We can know who to call in case of an emergency. We call those people ICE (In Case of Emergency) Contacts.

We can make a plan with our families so that we know how to get out of our house or where to shelter inside.

We can pack a Go-Bag with emergency supplies in case we need to leave our home.

Now we are going to learn a song and dance called "The Prep Step" that will help us learn and remember these key parts of being safe. It's okay if you don't learn all the moves right away. We will practice each day as we learn about the Prep Steps.

Pass out the Prep Step Song Lyric Sheet (page 59) and play the Prep Step Instructional Dance video (SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep). Help children follow along.

Collect Prep Rally Song Lyric Sheet to use during the next session.

Closing

Before ending the session, make sure to re-iterate key learning points.

KEY POINTS:

- An emergency is something that might cause harm or damage.
- It's normal to feel scared during an emergency.
- We can be comforted by thinking of the things that make us feel safe.
- Having a plan and doing the Prep Steps will also help us feel safe.
- Remember that during an emergency, there will always be caring adults such as parents, teachers, firefighters and police officers, working to keep you safe!

Thank children for their attention and participation.

If there is time, have children complete their What Makes You Feel Safe Worksheet. Send home the Family Disaster Checklist so that families can start talking about making an emergency plan.

Do you remember our cheer?

Get Ready! Get Safe!

Materials

LINKS:	Prep Step Instructional Video: SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep
HAND OUT:	What Makes You Feel Safe Worksheet Prep Step Song Lyrics
SEND HOME:	Family Disaster Checklist

WHAT MAKES YOU FEEL SAFE?

Thinking about people, places or things that make us feel safe and protected can help comfort us during an emergency. We can prepare for emergencies by planning with people we care about and putting comfort items in our disaster supplies kits.



DRAW A PICTURE OF WHAT MAKES YOU FEEL SAFE.





Save the Children.

Get Ready. Get Safe.



Do you have a plan in place to help ensure your children are safe and secure if a disaster strikes? If the worst happens, your children will look to you to know how to react and respond. Use this checklist to help prepare and keep your children safe in a disaster.

MAKE A FAMILY PLAN

Before a disaster strikes, make sure you and your family all know these details to help stay safe.

YOU AND YOUR FAMILY SHOULD DETERMINE:

Which facilities will be used as shelters in your community in case of emergency

A designated meet-up location if your family is separated

A family contact outside of your area who would not be affected by a local disaster

TEACH YOUR KIDS

Your children may need to act in an emergency.

MAKE SURE THEY KNOW THE FOLLOWING:

Basic personal information to identify themselves if separated from you

Home phone number

How to dial 911

Family's meet-up locations

How to reach the family's out-of-town contact

HAVE A COMMUNICATION STRATEGY

Communication systems are often unreliable during emergencies. Be sure to have a back-up plan.

All family cell phones should have "ICE" (In Case of Emergency) programmed into their phone's contact list with all family phone numbers plus out-of-area contacts.

Remind family members that text messages often get through in an emergency, even when a phone can't.

SavetheChildren.org/GetReady

CREATE A GO KIT

Prepare a backpack or portable bag for each family member with essential hygiene items and contact information in case you need to leave home.

BE SURE TO INCLUDE:

- Each child's contact and medical information
- Recent photos of each child
- Comfort food and treats
- Activity items like books, puzzles and games
- Comfort items like a stuffed animal or blanket

STOCK UP AT HOME

In addition to basic survival items like water, flashlights, a battery-powered radio and extra batteries, have these kid-friendly supplies on hand.

NON-PERISHABLE FOOD PERSONAL HYGIENE ITEMS Nursing supplies **Baby** wipes Formula Diapers Pre-packaged baby food Nursing pads Ready-to-eat canned foods and opener Feminine products Juice pouches Non-perishable pasteurized milk **CHECK WITH YOUR** Dry cereals, protein bars, fruit snacks **CHILD CARE FACILITY** Nuts and nut butters Since your children may be at a child Vitamins care facility when disaster hits, make sure all caregivers have each child's **MEDICAL SUPPLIES** most recent contact info. Fever reducer Remember to ask the staff about their emergency plans. If they do Antibacterial ointment not have a plan, you may want to ask **Rash ointment** them to create one. Each child's medications

For more information and support, visit: www.savethechildren.org/getready

PREP STEP 1: KNOWING ICE CONTACTS SESSION OBJECTIVES



The Prep Step 1 session will help children:

- Identify people who they could call during an emergency.
- Learn, practice and memorize key phone numbers and contact information.
- Create an ICE Contact Card that they can use in case of an emergency.

Time: 30 Minutes



Introduction

Today we're going to be talking a little bit about emergencies and how we can make a plan to help stay safe.

IF NOT PREVIOUSLY COVERED/REMINDER: Do you know what an emergency is?

An emergency is something that may cause harm or damage. You may not know it was going to happen and you may need help to respond to it. Some emergencies can happen because of accidents, such as a fire or a fall. Other emergencies may happen because of weather or the movement of the earth's surface, such as storms or earthquakes.

If we want to stay safe in emergencies, we need to get ready by making a plan and knowing who we can call In Case of Emergency. We can call these people our ICE Contacts (ICE stands for In Case of Emergency).



First, let's do our cheer.

When I say "Get Ready!" you say "Get Safe!"

Let's practice.

Practice a few times, changing the pace and tones of your voice to keep it lively for children.

Great Job!



Do you remember the Prep Step Dance we learned last session? Do you remember what the Prep Steps were?

Review:

- 1: Knowing ICE Contacts
- 2. Making a family plan
- 3. Packing a Go-Bag

Let's do the dance again and see how we've improved.

Hand out the Prep Step Song Lyric Sheet (page 59) and play the Prep Step Dance Video (www.SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep). If needed, play the Prep Step Dance Instructional Video another time to help children learn the dance moves. Today we are going to be talking about Prep Step 1: Knowing our ICE Contacts and we are going to play a game called the UnTelephone Game. Are you ready?!!

UnTelephone Game

This activity is set up like the classic telephone game where an initial prompt is given to one child then the child whispers it to the next person and so on until the message gets to the last person who has to verbally share what they heard. The last person's interpretation of the message is then compared with the original message.

- 1. In a small or medium group, all children can participate. In a larger group, select 7–10 children to participate in front of the group. Have the volunteers introduce themselves to the group.
- 2. For the first two rounds, play the telephone game as it is traditionally played. Explain to the children that it's important that the message is delivered accurately so to do their best.
- 3. Choose emergency-related prompts that are 8–10 words long (for younger children, use shorter sentences with simple words).

Examples:

- There's a tornado coming. I'm going to the red shelter.
- Don't forget the Disaster Supplies Kit in the hallway.
- Mary's teacher called and said they went to Elephant Park.
- 4. Before the third round, pull two of the participants aside and quietly tell them that they have a new role. Instead of being part of the telephone chain, their job is to create the sounds and distractions of an emergency that will make it more difficult for the message to be passed on correctly. This could include making thunder or wind sounds, making siren noises or saying different words that could distract their peers. Make sure they understand they are not to scream in people's faces, get too close or touch their peers. *NOTE: as the leader, you could play the role of the distractor instead of the children.
- 5 Also before the third round begins, explain to the remaining players that they now only have one chance to relay the message and cannot repeat it.
- 6. Give the lead person the next prompt and let the distracting players get close to the person with the message as it goes down the line.
- 7. Before the message gets to the last person, you [LEADER] should step in and intercept it, saying that electricity and cell phone towers are down so the game is over.
- 8. Have the last person who received the message share it with the group and compare it with the original message.

- 9. Ask the participants: Was the last round harder? If so, why? Did you know that was going to happen? Were you frustrated? Why?
- 10. Explain that often during emergencies, communicating with family and friends is more difficult for many reasons (e.g., people don't have all the information, it's loud and chaotic, phone lines may be down or overwhelmed) and this is why it is important that we make an emergency communications plan and know our ICE Contacts.



- 1. Is there a time when you meant to say one thing but the family member thought you meant something different?
 - What was it?
 - Why did it happen?
- 2. Why is communication (or talking with other people) important during an emergency?

Answer: You need to know about the emergency (e.g., What happened, where, and could it still be harmful?). You need to know where your family members are and how to find them. You need to know what to do. You may need help.

3. Who would you need to contact and why?

Answer: You need to contact emergency services if you need help. You need to contact your parents or guardians if they are not with you. You may need to call a friend or relative that can pick you up from school or activities if your parents or guardians cannot get there. During an emergency, if you are alone or hurt, call 9-1-1 or local emergency number.

If there was a storm we might have to call our parents to tell them where we are or that we are safe. Do you know your phone number? If you couldn't call your mom or dad, who else might you call?

Think of at least three different people you could call if you needed help. Try to memorize these people's phone numbers and emails.

- 1. Your parents/ guardians;
- 2. A local friend or relative;
- **3.** An out-of-town friend or relative. If an emergency affects local communications you may be able to contact an out-of-town contact.
- 4. Why might communication be difficult during an emergency? Answer: Power may go out. Phones may not work. The internet might not work.

What are some ways that we could get around those problems?

Example Answer: We can have a plan. We can know other ways to contact our family (e.g., texting, email) and we can know two other emergency contacts (like a friend or relative) who we can try to call in case of an emergency. NOTE: Sometimes when local communications are overwhelmed during an emergency a text message may get through to contacts when phone calls do not. Learn how to send text messages in case of an emergency.

5. Do you have an ICE (In Case of Emergency) Card?

- What kind of information should an ICE Card have? Why?
 Answer: And ICE Card should have your identification information—name, birthday, height, eye color, hair color, address and phone number. It should also have your emergency contact information-including parents' names and phone numbers and email addresses.
- Why is having an ICE Card important during an emergency?
 Answer: Having an ICE Card can help first responders and other adults help you during an emergency. It can help you be reunited with your family. If you are hurt, the ID card can help you get the right treatment.



Hand out ICE Card (In Case of Emergency Card) to each child Go over how to fill out the card with them. Answer any questions that the children have on how to fill out the card. NOTE: Children may not know all the information to complete the cards themselves. Encourage them to complete it with their families.

Have children try to memorize key phone numbers. Share that singing the number to the song "Frere Jacques" or another song is a great way to learn it.

Reinforce the message at home. Send the ICE Card to parents to finish filling out, and highlight the online ICE Card creator at SavetheChildren.org/ICE.

Have children locate a secure place to store their completed ICE Cards, such as a front pocket of their book bags, in a homework folder, or in a wallet. So that in an emergency, they know where to find it.



Distribute Know Your Number Worksheet (page 21) and have children practice dialing the phone numbers on their ICE Cards.

Closing

Before ending the session, make sure to re-iterate key learning points.

KEY POINTS:

- Sometimes communication is more difficult during an emergency.
- Know and memorize contact information for at least three ICE Contacts.
- Having an ICE Card with us can help adults protect us.
- During an emergency, if you are alone or hurt, call 9-1-1 or local emergency number.

Do you remember our cheer?

Get Ready! Get Safe!

Thank children for their attention and participation. Encourage children to talk about emergency contacts and making an ICE Contact Card.

Materials

LINKS:	Prep Step Dance Video: SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep ICE Card Online Creator (for parents): SavetheChildren.org/ICE
HAND OUT:	ICE Card Template Know Your Number Worksheet
SEND HOME:	ICE Card Template

MY OUT-OF-TOWN CONTACT'S

(in case local contacts cannot be reached)

First and Last Names:

Home/Cell Phone: (______)_____

INFORMATION

Cell Phone:

My ICE Card (In Case of Emergency Contact Card)

Cut and paste a recent photo here.

(_____)_____

DIRECTIONS: Please fill out the following information with your parent or guardian. Place this card in your book bag or wallet to keep with you at all times.

MY INFORMATION

	1	Email:
First and Last Names:	HERE	Relation to me (friend/uncle):
Nickname:/ /	FOLD	MY DOCTOR'S INFORMATION
Home Address:		First and Last Names: Work Phone: ()

(_____)_____ Home Phone:

FOLD HERE

MY PARENT/GUARDIAN'S INFORMATION

First and Last Names: _____ Work Address:

Work Phone: (_____)_____

Home/Cell Phone: (_____)____

Email: _____

MY LOCAL CONTACT'S INFORMATION (in case a parent/guardian cannot be reached)

First and Last Names: _____

Home/Cell Phone: (_____)_____

Email:

Relation to me (friend/uncle): _____

MEDICAL OR SPECIAL CARE INFORMATION

I have the following medical conditions and/or allergies: _____

FOLD HERE

I take the following prescription medications:

I need the following medical treatment or care:



FOLD

KNOW YOUR NU	IMBER
Directions: Emergencies can happen when we least e to always be prepared. Write your grown-up's name and p Practice on the keypad below to help y	xpect them so it's important hone number on the dotted line.
My Name:	
My Grown-Up's Name:	
Number: (1)	
	3
	6
	9
	#
	#

Challenge: Now that you've memorized your grown-up's number, see if you can memorize two more phone numbers from your ICE Card—a local grown-up and an out-of-town grown-up. Write them on a separate sheet of paper. Practice on the keypad above to help you remember.



PREP STEP 2: MAKING A PLAN SESSION OBJECTIVES

The Prep Step 2 session will help children:

- Understand key parts of a home emergency plan.
- Learn how to evacuate and shelter-in-place.
- Talk about making an emergency plan with their families.

Time: 30 Minutes

Discussion	IntroductionEmergency Plan Basics
Activities	 Cheers Prep Step Dance 3-2-1 Plan Memory Game Pledge
Handouts	Home Map WorksheetPledge Card
Send Home	• Family Plan Worksheet
Materials	 Copies Pencils/crayons for each child AV and Internet for video

Introduction

Today we're going to be talking about how making a plan can help you and your family stay safe during an emergency.

IF NOT PREVIOUSLY COVERED/REMINDER: Do you know what an emergency is?

An emergency is something that may cause harm or damage. You may not know it was going to happen and you may need help to respond to it. Some emergencies can happen because of accidents, such as a fire or a fall. Other emergencies may happen because of weather or the movement of the earth's surface, such as storms or earthquakes.

What is a plan? Have you ever had a plan? Maybe to visit your friend or make a craft or to get somewhere?

Give an example of a time you had a plan.

We make plans so that we know what to do when we need to do it and so that we can have success in doing it correctly. We need and emergency plan so that we know what to do to stay safe in emergencies.



Let's practice our cheer.

When I say "Get Ready!" you say "Get Safe!"

Let's practice.

Practice a few times, changing the pace and tones of your voice to keep it lively for children.

Great Job!



Do you remember the Prep Step Dance? Do you remember what the Prep Steps were?

Review:

- 1. Knowing ICE Contacts
- 2. Making a family plan
- 3. Packing a Go-Bag

Let's do the dance again and see how we've improved.

Hand out the Prep Step Song Lyric Sheet (page 59) and play the Prep Step Dance Video (www.SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep). If needed, play the Prep Step Dance Instructional Video another time to help children learn the dance moves. Collect Prep Rally Song Lyric sheet to use during the next session.

Today we are going to be talking about Prep Step 2: Making an Emergency Plan. Are you ready?!!



Emergency Plan Basics Discussion

Explain that there are different actions we might take during different types of emergencies to stay safe. You wouldn't do the same thing if there was a fire as you would if there was a storm. We are going to talk about three different things we need to know to make an emergency plan.

Have children repeat the main terms and do the motions after you say the number (i.e., Leader: Three! (motioning phone to ear), Children: ICE Contacts (also motioning). If possible make signs with the words on them and a picture or symbol that represents the word.

3. ICE Contacts (Hold hand to ear like a phone)

We covered ICE Contacts in the first session, but knowing who you can call is a very important part of an emergency plan. If there was a storm we might have to call our parents to tell them where we are or that we are safe.

Remember we need to know three people we could contact in case of an emergency. Those people should include.

- 1. Parents/Guardians
- 2. A local family member or friend
- 3. And out-of-town family member or friend (in case local communications are affected)

Remember that having our ICE Cards with us and memorizing important phone numbers can help us stay safe.

2. Exit Routes (Motion walking in place)

What does it mean to exit or evacuate?

Exit means to get out.

When might we want to evacuate?

Remember that having our ICE Cards with us and memorizing important phone numbers can help us stay safe.

We would evacuate if there was a hazard in the building, like a fire. We might also evacuate if there were some chemicals in the building or after an earthquake.

What are some ways we could get out of a building?

Through doors, backdoors or windows.

Have children imagine their homes and think about at least two different ways they could evacuate (front door, back door, window, basement etc.) Ask children to share their answers.

1. Safe Place (Place hands over head like a roof)

When might we want to go to a safe place in our house? What kind of weather?

We would go to our safe place of there was a bad storm outside and it wasn't safe to go out. If there was a winter storm or thunderstorm or tornado, we would want to take shelter in our safe place.

What might be your safe place? What kind of room?

Have children imagine their homes and think about where their safe place might be (e.g., a basement, shelter, closet, under the stairs, bathroom etc.) Have children share their answers.



Now we are going to play a game to practice what we just learned. It's a memory game.

When I say "Three," you say "ICE Contacts" and do the motions we just learned.

In the same way, if I say "Two," you say "Exit Routes," and if I say "One," you say "Safe Place."

Play the game helping the children along. Start slowly in order, then go faster. Eventually change the order to see if they can follow.

At the end of playing congratulate everyone for a job well done. Remind children to go home and share the 3-2-1's of a home emergency plan with their families.

ACTIVITY OPTION: You can choose to read another book from the Reading to Ready Booklist (pages 61–63) and following the discussion guide in session one. Focus on the plan that the characters had and the actions they took.

Closing

Before ending the session, make sure to re-iterate key learning points.

KEY POINTS:

- A plan will help us know what to do during an emergency.
- Different types of emergencies require different responses.
- It's important to practice the plan with our families.

Pledge

We are going to end the session by saying a pledge together. Do you know what a pledge is? It's a promise. And we are going to make a pledge to talk about emergencies with our families.

Hold up or hand out Pledge Cards (page 31).

I, _____, pledge to work with my family and my community to make a plan and be ready for any disaster.

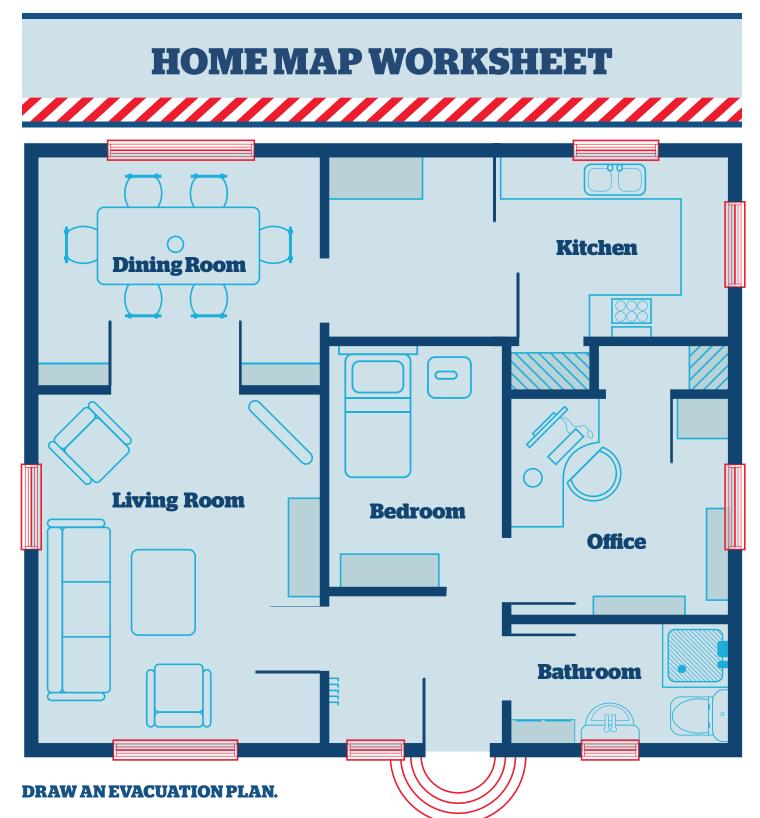
Thank children for their attention and participation.

Do you remember our cheer?

Get Ready! Get Safe!

Materials

LINKS:	Prep Step Dance Video: SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep	
HAND OUT:	Making a Home Plan Worksheet Pledge Card	
SEND HOME:	Family Plan Template	



Draw arrows to show two exit routes from the bedroom.

Draw arrows to show two exit routes from the kitchen and living room.

Draw arrows to show the best evacuation route from the office if there is a fire by the front door.

Mark safe rooms inside for sheltering-in-place with circles.

Use a "K" to mark where a Disaster Supplies Kit could be stored and easily found by the family.



SavetheChildren.org/GetReady

HOME PLAN WORKSHEET

MAKE A FAMILY EMERGENCY PLAN.

1. Where will your family meet if you have to evacuate your home? List two meeting locations, one close to the house (like a bus stop), and the other further away (like a community center).

^	/ho are your ICE Contacts? Write their names, phone numbers, and email addresses here.
F	Parent/Guardian)
_	
-	
ŀ	Parent or Friend)
_	
_	
((Dut-of-Town family or friend)
(
_	
_	
~	/here will you shelter-in-place? Write down your safe room here:





MY FAMILY AND MY COMMUNITY TO MAKE A PLAN AND BE READY PLEDGE TO WORK WITH



DIRECTIONS: Emergencies can be scary, but being prepared can keep your family safe. Fill out the information below with your children to create your Family Emergency Plan.

ICE (IN CASE OF EMERGENCY) CONTACTS

MY PARENT/GUARDIAN'S INFORMATION

First and Last Names:	First and Last Names:
Work Address:	Work Address:
Work Phone: ()	Work Phone: ()
Home/Cell Phone: ()	Home/Cell Phone: ()
Email:	Email:

LOCAL CONTACT'S INFORMATION (in case a parent/guardian cannot be reached)

First and Last Names:
Home/Cell Phone: ()
Email:
Relation to me (friend/uncle):

OUT-OF-TOWN CONTACT'S INFORMATION (in case local contacts cannot be reached)

First and Last Names:
Home/Cell Phone: ()
Email:
Relation to me (friend/uncle):



OUR FAMILY EMERGENCY PLAN

Meet-up Locations

Choose two locations to meet up in in case of an emergency if you're evacuating your home or if going home is not an option. One location should be nearby (such as a lamppost or a street corner) and the other farther away from the home (such as a relative's house or a community center).

Nearby Location:

Farther-Away Location: _____

Safe Room Location

In case of an emergency in which your family needs to shelter-in-place, choose a safe room—a room with no windows on the lowest level of your home.

Safe Room Location: ____

Create an Emergency Supply Kit

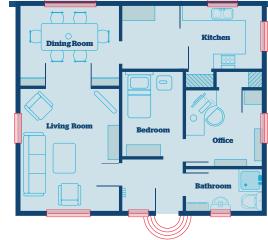
Include water, nonperishable food, flashlights with batteries, blankets, a radio, a first-aid kit, kid-friendly activities, comfort items, etc. Store the kit in an easily accessible area, update its contents regularly, and explain to children when and how the kit should be used.

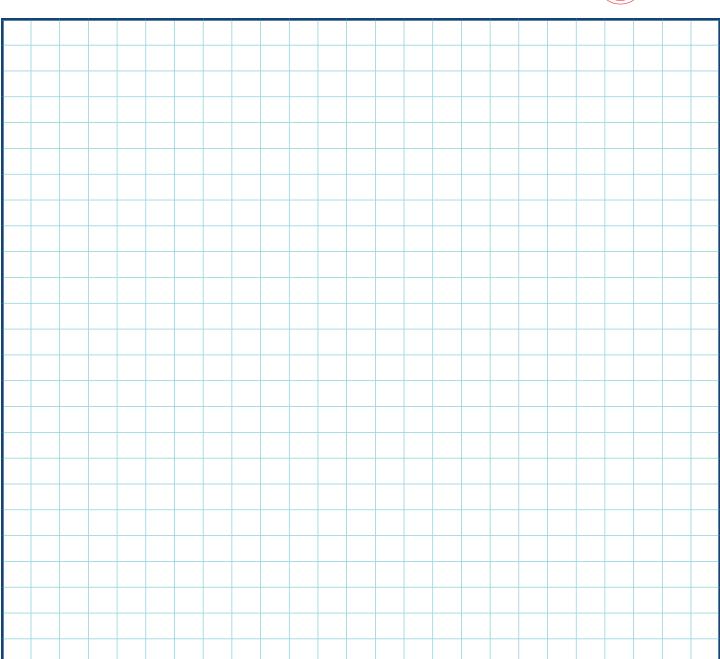
Emergency Supply Kit Location:



OUR FAMILY EMERGENCY PLAN

Use the grid below to draw your home emergency map. Draw a blueprint of your home with exit routes for each floor.







PREP STEP 3: PACKING A GO-BAG SESSION OBJECTIVES



The Prep Step 3 session will help children:

- Understand the importance of having supplies ready in case of an emergency.
- Know key supplies to put in their Go-Bags.
- Talk about emergency supplies with their families.

Time: 30 Minutes

Discussion	IntroductionGo-Bag Supplies
Activities	 Cheers Prep Step Dance Disaster Supplies Relay Race
Handouts	 What Goes in a Go-Bag Worksheet Packing List Worksheet
Send Home	Disaster Supplies Checklist
Materials	 Copies AV and internet for video Pencils/crayons for each child Relay Race Supplies filled bags or backpacks (hygiene kit, comfort item, flashlight, notebook, crayons, ICE Card) Whammies! (not emergency supplies—e.g., bowling ball, princess crown, electrical hair dryer, heavy books etc.)

Introduction

Today we're going to be talking a little bit about what you might need to stay safe and comforted during an emergency.

IF NOT PREVIOUSLY COVERED/REMINDER: Do you know what an emergency is?

An emergency is something that may cause harm or damage. You may not know it was going to happen and you may need help to respond to it. Some emergencies can happen because of accidents, such as a fire or a fall. Other emergencies may happen because of weather or the movement of the earth's surface, such as storms or earthquakes.



First, let's practice our cheer.

When I say "Get Ready!" you say "Get Safe!"

Let's practice.

Practice a few times, changing the pace and tones of your voice to keep it lively for children.

Great Job!



Do you remember the Prep Step Dance? Do you remember what the Prep Steps were?

Review:

- 1. Knowing ICE Contacts
- 2. Making a family plan
- 3. Packing a Go-Bag

Let's do the dance again and see how we've improved.

Hand out the Prep Step Song Lyric Sheet (page 59) and play the Prep Step Dance Video (www.SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep). If needed, play the Prep Step Dance Instructional Video another time to help children learn the dance moves. Collect Prep Rally Song Lyric sheet to use during the next session.

Today we are going to be talking about Prep Step 3: Packing a Go-Bag. Are you ready?!!



We may not know when an emergency is going to happen. That's why it's important that we have all the things we may need ready to go beforehand. We can each make our own Go-Bag filled with important supplies and kept in a safe place so that we can grab it whenever we may need it.

What are some things you might need during an emergency?

- To keep warm? Extra clothes, jacket, blanket
- To keep safe? ICE Card (In Case of Emergency Card), whistle
- To keep healthy? Prepackaged snacks and water
- To keep busy? Games, books, activities
- To feel safe? Stuffed animal, blanket,
- To stay clean? Soap, washcloth, comb, toothbrush, toothpaste
- If the lights go out? Flashlight, batteries
- To know what's going on? Radio

We need to have these things packed and ready to go in case an emergency happens.

Where might you keep your Go-Bag?

Remember, if you need to evacuate quickly, you may not have time to get your Go-Bag if it's not nearby. Never go back into an unsafe place just to get your Go-Bag.



Disaster Supplies Relay Race

Now we are going to play a game to practice what we have learned.

Set-up:

- 1. This is a relay game so there needs to be a start line and turnaround line (mark lines and/or cones or similar).
- 2. Divide participants (children and adults) into two teams. Each team should have a backpack or container to place retrieved items.
- 3. Each team lines up behind the start line; in front of each team, just behind the turnaround line, there should be one pile of disaster supplies (see Supplies box on following page) with a few whammies included.

Directions:

1. Explain to children that they are going to pack team Go-Bags. And when it's is their turn, they should try to pick an item that they might need in their bag in case of an emergency.



- 2. When you say "Get Ready, Get Safe, Go!" the first child on each team will run down to the corresponding pile, pick up an item that and bring it back to the line where he or she will put the item in a team backpack and tag the next player to run.
- 3. Each player will run once.
- 4. When all the teams are done, the program leader goes through each supply item and asks the whole group if they need it in their kit and why it is important to include it their kit.
- 5. Congratulate both teams for a job well done.



Hand out the What Goes in a Go-Bag

Worksheet (page 43) that helps children decide what should go into a Go-Bag. Also hand out the Packing List Worksheet, so that children can begin to write down the supplies they would like to put in their own Go-Bag.

Ask children to talk about making an emergency supplies kit with their families and encourage them to put together their own Go-Bag.

EMERGENCY SUPPLIES*

*This list is not comprehensive

- Flashlight
- Teddy bear
- Can of food, snacks
- Water bottle
- Blanket
- Notebook
- Pencils
- Soap
- Toothbrush
- Hand Towel
- First aid kit (or materials like bandages)
- ICE Card
- Radio
- Whistle

WHAMMIES (examples)

- Princess crown
- Heavy Textbook
- Salad scooper
- Bowling ball
- Pom poms
- Hair dryer with electric cord

Closing

Before ending the session, make sure to re-iterate key learning points.

KEY POINTS:

- One way we can be safe during emergencies is by having the right supplies.
- We can make our own Go-Bags that are ready to use in an emergency.
- Keep kits in a safe place that is easy to get to.

Thank children for their attention and participation.

Do you remember our cheer?

Get Ready! Get Safe!

Materials

LINKS:	Prep Step Dance Video: SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep	
HAND OUT:	What Goes in a Go-Bag Worksheet My Go-Bag Supplies	
	Packing List Worksheet	
SEND HOME:	Disaster Supplies Checklist	

WHAT GOES IN A GO-BAG? Practice packing an emergency Go-Bag. Circle the supplies you may need in case of an emergency. Place an X on the items you would not need. °C WATER BOTTLE SOAP TOOTHBRUSH KITE **BOWLING BALL** BATTERIES FLASHLIGHT FOOD My ICE Card NOTEBOOK ICE CARD TEDDY BEAR CRAYONS **FISHBOWL** WASHCLOTH PEN WHISTLE

Pick five items that you circled and write a sentence about why you chose each supply. (Example: You need soap to be clean.)





1.	
2.	
3.	





PACKING LIST WORKSHEET

Make a list of the supplies you should put in your Children's Go-Bag. Be sure to include items that will help you stay safe, healthy, clean, warm, busy and comforted. Write down as many items as you can think of, remembering that you should only pack what you need. After completing your list, share with others in your group to decide if there's anything you missed or something should remove.

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DISASTER SUPPLIES CHECKLIST

Every family needs a Disaster Supplies Kit filled with items needed to help keep all family members safe and healthy during an emergency. Store enough of each item to last at least seven days. Be sure all family members know where the kit is located and when and how it should be used. Update your Disaster Supplies Kits regularly to replace expired food or medicine or outgrown clothing items. Get Children involved in putting together their own Go-Bag so they can learn the importance of being prepared.

DISASTER SUPPLIES KIT

MEDICAL SUPPLIES

Flashlights and extra batteries Radio (battery-powered or hand crank)		Prescription and non-prescription medicine, including for children
Non-perishable food items Water (one gallon/person/day) One complete change of clothing for each person, including jackets/coats		First Aid Kit Fever reducer Antibacterial ointment Rash ointment
Blankets Cash and coins	HY	GIENE ITEMS
Map of the area marked with places you could go		Baby wipes
Toolset Extra set of car keys and house keys Roll of duct tape Plastic sheeting pre-cut to fit shelter-in-place room openings		Diapers Nursing pads Sanitary pads Toilet paper Soap
Pet supplies Small fire extinguisher		Bleach
Matches in a waterproof container Special items such as denture needs, contact lenses		
Items for seniors or people with disabilities		



DISASTER SUPPLIES CHECKLIST

CHILDREN'S GO-BAG

INFORMATION

 Medical information, including copies of medical prescriptions Copies of passports and birth certificates 	Having children create their own Go-Bag can help them feel part of the family emergency plan and teach them personal responsibility. Bags should be stored
 Copies of personal identification, such as a drivers' license 	at home in an easily accessible area and updated as children grow and their interests changes.
Recent photos of each child	P ut these items in a backpack or portable bag to use during an emergency:
COMFORT ITEMS	A teddy bear of favorite stuffed toy (for safety and comfort)
Comfort food and treats	Crayons and pen (to keep ourselves busy)
Activity items like books, puzzles and games	Soap and soap box (to clean ourselves)
Stuffed animal or blanket for children	Toothbrush and toothpaste (to clean our teeth every day)
CHILD-FRIENDLY FOOD SUPPLIES	Comb (to comb our hair)
Nursing supplies	Hand towel (to clean ourselves or keep cool)
- Formula	An ICE Card or wristband (to identify who we are and parent contact information)
Pre-packaged baby food	A flashlight with batteries (to help us when
Juice pouches	there is no power)
Powdered milk	A notebook (to record important information and/or keep busy)
	A whistle (to use if you need help or get lost)
	Ask children what else they wish to remember that is important to them (i.e., favorite books, pictures, toys, extra clothes, etc.)

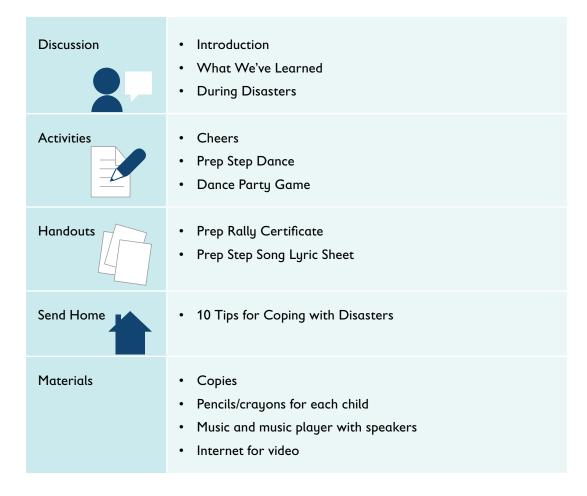


PREP STEP REVIEW: WHAT WE LEARNED SESSION OBJECTIVES

The Prep Step Review session will help children:

- Remember the Prep Steps: Knowing ICE Contacts; Making and Emergency Plan; and Packing a Go-Bag.
- Understand the importance of talking about and practicing an emergency plan with their families.
- Understand that during emergencies caring adults will be working to keep them safe.

Time: 30 Minutes



Introduction

Today we're going to be talking about what we've learned during our Prep Step Sessions and how making a plan can help you and your family stay safe during an emergency.

IF NOT PREVIOUSLY COVERED/REMINDER: Do you know what an emergency is?

An emergency is something that may cause harm or damage. You may not know it was going to happen and you may need help to respond to it. Some emergencies can happen because of accidents, such as a fire or a fall. Other emergencies may happen because of weather or the movement of the earth's surface, such as storms or earthquakes.



Let's start with our cheer.

When I say "Get Ready!" you say "Get Safe!"

Great Job!



By now, hopefully you remember the Prep Step Dance. What are the Prep Steps?

Review:

- 1. Knowing ICE Contacts
- 2. Making a family plan
- 3. Packing a Go-Bag

Let's do the dance one last time.

Hand out the Prep Step Song Lyric Sheet (page 59) and play the Prep Step Dance Video (www.SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep). Take photos and consider sharing on social media with #PrepStep (ensure you have permission from parents before posting). Send home Prep Step Song Lyric Sheet with children.

Today we are going to review what we've learned during our Prep Step sessions.

- 1. What is something that you learned about getting ready for emergencies?
- 2. What was your favorite part of the sessions?
- 3. What are ICE Contacts? Why is important to know ICE Contacts?

Answer: ICE Contacts are In Case of Emergency Contacts, meaning they are people we can call if we need help in an emergency. We need to know three ICE Contacts: a parent/guardian, a friend or relative nearby, and an out-of-town contact. It's important to memorize ICE Contact phone numbers or write them on an ICE Contact card so that we have a way to reach the people we love during an emergency.

- 4. What does it mean to evacuate? What are two exit routes out of your home? Answer: Evacuate means to get out or exit. We need know at least two different ways out of our home in case there is an emergency, like a fire, inside. Some exit routes out of a home may be front door, back door, window, etc.
- 5. We might go to a safe place in our home when the weather is bad outside. What space or room in our home might be a safe place?

Answer: A safe space in a home is in a room or space that doesn't have outside doors or windows. It is on the lowest floor or underground and near the center of the home. Some examples of a safe room may be a basement, a shelter, a closet, a bathroom or a space under the stairs.

- 6. What are some of the supplies that we need to put in our Go-Bags? Answer:Supplies that we can put in our Go-Bags include: washcloth, soap, toothbrush, toothpaste, extra clothes, blanket, snacks, water, notebook, pen, crayons, comfort item (like a teddy bear or favorite toy), games, whistle, ICE Card.
- 7. What is something you learned that you can share with others (friends and family)?
- 8. How can we share what we learned with others?



We've learned the basics of an emergency plan. Now we are going to make a different type of plan-a dance plan!

DIRECTIONS:

- 1. Get three volunteers to join you [LEADER] at the front of the room.
- 2. Explain to the whole group that you will be playing a dance party game and you need help from the volunteers to come up with the moves.
- 3. Have Volunteer 1 demonstrate a simple dance move that she would like to use in the game (this could be anything like disco pointing, or a hop or skip). Tell children, that when you call out, "Red" during the game, they are to perform Volunteer 1's dance move.
- 4. Have Volunteer 2, demonstrate a simple dance move that he would like to use in the game. Tell children, that when you call out, "Blue," during the game, they are to perform Volunteer 2's dance move.
- 5. Have Volunteer 3, demonstrate a simple dance move that she would like to use in the game. Tell children, that when you call out, "Yellow," during the game, they are to perform Volunteer 3's dance move.
- 6. Tell children that now that you have a dance plan, they are to pay attention as you may call colors quickly or out of order and they need to keep up.
- 7. Start playing music in the background with an upbeat tempo.
- 8. Guide the group through the different dance moves by calling out red for 15 seconds, then blue for 15 seconds and then yellow for 15 seconds.
- After they have the hang of it, start going from number to number at your own pace. For example, blue for 5 seconds, to red for 20 seconds, to blue for 5 seconds, then yellow and so on.
- 10. Eventually, say a color for which you didn't give instructions (e.g., purple), and do a completely different dance move than was assigned at the beginning of the game. See if the kids continue to follow what you say and do.
- 11. Again use colors, red, blue, yellow in any random pattern.
- 12. Add in a few more colors for which they do not have instructions. See how long it takes them to catch on.

- 13. Play the game for as long as you want.
- 14. At the conclusion, ask the kids: Were you ever confused or frustrated during the activity? If so, why? What did you do when you were confused? Why?

Explain that, during emergencies, things don't always go according to plan and when things don't go as expected it's important to look to and follow their adult leader (e.g., parent, teacher, coach). Talk about the dancing activity and how it was important to be calm, quiet and focused on the leader when they weren't sure what to do. In an emergency they need to try to be calm, quiet and focused so that they can hear instructions and stay safe.

Closing

Before ending the session, make sure to re-iterate key learning points.

KEY POINTS:

- Do the Prep Steps with your family
 - Knowing ICE Contacts and make ICE Cards
 - Make a home emergency plan
 - Gather emergency supplies and pack Go-Bags.
- Talk about your emergency plan and practice it with your family.
- During an emergency try to stay calm and quiet and follow the instructions of parents or leader.
- Caring adults will be working to keep us safe during an emergency.

Thank children for their attention and participation. Hand out Prep Rally Certificates (page 55) to congratulate them on completing the sessions.

Do you remember our cheer?

Get Ready! Get Safe!

Materials

LINKS:	Prep Step Dance Video: SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep	ΠΓ
HAND OUT:	Prep Rally Certificate Prep Step Song Lyrics	
SEND HOME:	10 Tips for Helping Children Cope with Crises	1



HOW TO HELP CHILDREN COPE WITH DISASTERS

Many parents, teachers, grandparents and caregivers are concerned about how dramatic images of disasters can affect the emotional well-being of their children and are looking for advice. To help provide guidance, Save the Children has prepared the following 10 tips. They can be used by adults to support children through any disaster. These tips are based on Save the Children's years of national and international experience in supporting children in disasters.

10 Tips from Save the Children

Save the Children recommends parents, teachers, grandparents and caregivers:

1. Limit television time. While it can be important for adults to stay informed about the disaster, television images and reports may be confusing and frightening for children. Watching too many television reports of the disaster can overwhelm children and even adults. So, limit the number of television reports about the disaster you and your children watch.

2. Listen to your children carefully. Try to find out what your child knows and understands about the disaster before responding to their questions. Children can experience stress when they do not understand dangerous experiences. Find out what your child knows about the disaster. Then, talk to your child to help him or her understand the situation and ease their concerns.

3. Give children reassurance. Tell children that adults are doing everything they can to protect and help children who have been affected by the disaster. Also, let them know that if an emergency happens, your main concern would be their safety. Make sure they know they are being protected.

4. Be alert for significant changes in behavior. Caregivers should be alert to any significant changes in children's sleeping patterns, eating habits, and concentration levels. Also watch for wide emotional swings or frequent physical complaints. If any of these actions do happen, they will likely lessen within a short time.

Save the Children urges adults to seek out and follow the guidance of Emergency Management and Public Health Officials to help ensure the safety of their children. If they continue, however, you should seek professional help and counseling for the child. 5. Understand children's unique needs. Not every child will experience a disaster in the same way. As children develop, their intellectual, physical and emotional abilities change. Younger children will depend largely on their parents to interpret events; older children and adolescents will get information from various sources, such as friends and the media. Remember that children of any age can be affected by a disaster. Provide them all with love, understanding and support.

6. Give your children extra time and attention. Children need close, personal attention to know they are safe. Talk, play and, most importantly, listen to them. Find time to engage in special activities with children of all ages.

7. Be a model for your children. Your children will learn how to deal with these events by seeing how you respond. The amount you tell children about how you're feeling should depend on the age and maturity of the child. You may be able to disclose more to older or more mature children but remember to do so calmly.

8. Watch your own behavior. Make a point of being sensitive to those impacted by the disaster. This is an opportunity to teach your children that we all need to help each other.

9. Help your children return to a normal routine. Children usually benefit from routine activities such as set eating times, bed time, and playing with others. Parents should make sure their children's school is also returning to normal patterns and not spending a lot of time discussing the disaster.

10. Encourage your children to do volunteer work. Helping others can give children a sense of control and security and promote helping behavior. During a disaster, children and adolescents can bring about positive change by supporting those in need.



THE PREP STEP

Music and Lyrics by Save the Children - SavetheChildren.org/PrepStep



Chorus



Do the Prep Step Do-ooh the Prep Step Do the Prep Step Get Ready! Get Safe!

Verse 1

In case of emergency I know who to call My ICE Contacts, near and far We can try them all CHORUS

Verse 2

In case of emergency

I know what to do

My family will have a plan

And practice it, too

CHORUS

Verse 3

In case of emergency Supplies should last a while I'll have my own Go-Bag With things that make me smile

CHORUS

Verse 4

Ahhhhh! Bring it down low Now put it up high Do your own steps Now reach for the sky! CHORUS

Interlude

Now stop! Stay calm! And do the Prep Step CHORUS x 2



Reading to Ready Booklist

Help children learn about and prepare for disasters through reading. Choosing books about disasters that may affect your area can help build children's resilience and ability to cope with crisis. Select one or more of the disaster books below to read together. While reading ask questions about the characters, settings and their reactions. Afterwards, have a discussion about what the book taught the children about preparing for and responding to disasters.

BUILDING EMOTIONAL RESILIENCE – LEARNING TO OVERCOME FEARS

by Patricia Carlin	With the help of his trusty dog, a little boy survives his first camp out.	Grades Pre-K–1
by Jim Arnosky	Demonstrates how parents and caregivers will protect children from harm.	Grades K–1
by Lemony Snicket, illustrated by Jon Klassen	Dark becomes a character and teaches a young boy how to stop being afraid.	Grades K–1
by Peter McCarty	Pedro isn't sure he likes the cold and snow, but his family and friends encourage him.	Grades Pre-K–1
by Ed Emberley	Helps young children learn how to cope with and control their fears.	Grades Pre-K–1
by Bonnie S. Mark and Aviva Layton	Helps children understand the facts, their feelings and how to cope with natural disasters.	Grades 2–5
by Todd Parr	Bright, bold illustrations and simple text show children conquering a wide variety of fears.	Grades Pre-K–1
by Melanie Watt	Scaredy Squirrel does not want to leave his tree for fear of killer bees, germs, and other disasters, but takes the leap and learns he can glide.	Grades K–3
by Salina Yoon	Bear finds several ways to ease his fear when a storm wakes him up at night.	Grades Pre-K–K
by Megan McDonald	When a hurricane knocks out the power, Judy, Stink, and their family find a way to pass the time.	Grades 2–4
by Kirby Larson	This amazing, true story recounts how best friends Bob Cat and Bobbi, a cat and a dog, survive Hurricane Katrina by sticking together.	Grades K–3
by James J. Crist	Kids have worries just like grown-ups. This book helps explain where worries and anxiety come from and gives kids tips to handle their worries.	Grades 3–5
by Sue Graves	Jack, Ravi, and Kevin talk about scary things and how to deal with them during their sleepover in this story that includes a special section for adults on how to talk to children about dealing with fears. (From the Our Emotions and Behaviors series.)	Grades K-3
	by Jim Arnosky by Lemony Snicket, illustrated by Jon Klassen by Peter McCarty by Ed Emberley by Bonnie S. Mark and Aviva Layton by Todd Parr by Melanie Watt by Salina Yoon by Salina Yoon by Megan McDonald by Kirby Larson by James J. Crist	his first camp out.by Jim ArnoskyDemonstrates how parents and caregivers will protect children from harm.by Lemony Snicket, illustrated by Jon KlassenDark becomes a character and teaches a young boy how to stop being afraid.by Peter McCartyPedro isn't sure he likes the cold and snow, but his family and friends encourage him.by Ed EmberleyHelps young children learn how to cope with and control their fears.by Bonnie S. Mark and Aviva LaytonHelps children understand the facts, their feelings and how to cope with natural disasters.by Todd ParrBright, bold illustrations and simple text show children conquering a wide variety of fears.by Melanie WattScaredy Squirel does not want to leave his tree for fear of killer bees, germs, and other disasters, but takes the leap and learns he can glide.by Megan McDonaldWhen a hurricane knocks out the power, Judy, Stink, and their family find a way to pass the time.by James J. CristKids have worries just like grown-ups. This book helps explain where worries and anxiety come from and gives kids tips to handle their worries.by Sue GravesJack, Ravi, and Kevin talk about scary things and how to talk to children about dealing with fears.

UNDERSTANDING HOW TO PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES			
Back-to-School Safety	by Lisa M. Herrington	A simple book to help kids start learning and building their basic safety awareness in a variety of situations.	Grades K–2
Be Careful and Stay Safe	by Cheri J. Meiners	This book helps kids stay safe in everyday situations and prepare for emergencies too.Also included are discussion questions, activities, and games for practice. (From the Learning to Get Along series.)	Grades K—3
Blizzard	by Joyce Markovics	Learn how to stay safe from winter's icy blast. (From the It's A Disaster series)	Grades K–3
Fireboy to the Rescue: a Fire Safety Book	by Edward Miller	Superhero Fireboy explains what to do in case of a house fire.	Grades 2–4
How Do Dinosaurs Stay Safe?	by Jane Yolen	Dinosaurs demonstrate what and what not to do to avoid getting harmed.	Grades Pre-K–K
No Dragons For Tea	by Jean Pendziwol	When a tea date with a dragon is interrupted by fire, a safety-conscious girl shows what to do to extinguish the flame.	Grades Pre-K–2
Ready, Set Wait! What Animals Do Before a Hurricane	by Patti R. Zelch, illustrated by Connie McLennan	A look at how people as well as animals prepare for a hurricane.	Grades K–3
Terrorists, Tornados, and Tsunamis: How to Prepare for Life's Danger Zones	by John Christian Orndorff	A list of tools and advice for prepping for and surviving a variety of disasters.	Grades 3–5
Watch Out! Around Town	by Claire Llewellyn	Kids are given advice on how to stay safe out of the home and around town. (From the Watch Out! series)	Grades Pre-K–2
What If You Need to Call 911?	by Anara Guard, illustrated by Mike Laughead	Short stories help readers learn when and how to call 911.	Grades Pre-K–2

LEARNING ABOUT MONITERING THE WEATHER AND SPECIFIC TYPES OF DISASTERS, INCLUDING HOW TO RESPOND

Clifford and the Big Storm	by Norman Bridwell	A story of evacuation and returning home.	Grades K–3
Clifford the Firehouse Dog	by Norman Bridwell	Focuses on being prepared and evacuating in a fire emergency.	Grades K–3
Earthquakes!	by Renee Gray- Wilburn	A graphic novel approach to earthquakes and safety.	Grades 2–3
Extreme Weather: Surviving Tornadoes, Sandstorms, Hailstorms, Blizzards, Hurricanes, and More!	by Thomas M. Kostigen	Includes tips on what to do before, during, and after extreme weather.	Grades 3–5

LEARNING ABOUT MONITERING THE WEATHER AND SPECIFIC TYPES OF DISASTERS, INCLUDING HOW TO RESPOND

Flood	by Alvaro F.Villa	A wordless picture book showing the preparations for—and recovery from—a major flood.	Grades K–3
Franklin and the Thunderstorm	by Paulette Bourgeous	Explains how knowing the facts about something can help ease fears.	Grades K–2
Hurricane & Tornado	by Jack Challoner	Describes dangerous and destructive weather conditions around the world.	Grades 3–5
I Survived Hurricane Katrina, 2005	by Lauren Tarshis	A chapter book about a boy who overcomes his fears during Hurricane Katrina.	Grades 3–6
Kenta and the Big Wave	by Ruth Ohi	Kenta and his family must evacuate their home in a small Japanese village as a tsunami approaches. Inspired by true events.	Grades K–3
Louie the Buoy:A Hurricane Story	by Allain C.Andry, III	A survival story about a buoy during Hurricane Camille.	Grades 3–6
National Geographic Kids Everything Weather: Facts, Photos, and Fun that Will Blow You Away	by Kathy Furgang	Packed with weather-related information ranging from weather extremes such as heat and storms, to weather prediction and preparedness.	Grades 3–6
Surviving a Fire	by Heather Adamson	Learn what to do when faced with a disaster. (From the Be Prepared series)	Grades 2–4
Tornadoes	by Gail Gibbons	Teaches all about tornadoes: formation, classification and how to respond.	Grades 3–6
Tornadoes: Be Aware and Prepare	by Martha Rustad	Describes what each disaster is and what to do in case you are caught in one. (From A Plus Books: Weather Aware series)	Grades K–2

This list was created by the Quicklists Consulting Committee of the Association for Library Service to Children, a division of the American Library Association.

Compiled by ALSC Quicklists Committee Co-chairs: Krista Britton & Mary R.Voors

Notes



Save the Children 899 N. Capitol Street., NE, Suite 900 Washington, DC 20002

SavetheChildren.org SavetheChildren.org/GetReady